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The degree of adequacy of foreign economic intelligence relating to the functional fields in which the RIC is interested varies greatly. Basic data for seems fields are relatively satisfactory but manger and disorganized for others. Bereign agricultural activity, for example, has been reported upon in great volume for same years by governments, by international organizations and by trade associations: to a lesser degree minerals including petroleum and transport industries have also been reported upon and analysed in detail. In contrast, information on manufacturing industries is inferior. Generally speaking the commodities which same be classified in more or less homogeneous entegories for statistical purposes are better reported upon and analysed than products like chemicals, machinary, electronic devices, etc. These latter commodities about which it is commoptually most difficult to generalise are just the ones that are usually reported in large but almost meaningless ontogories. Systematizing knowledge on these latter openesses groups is essential but progress will be allow.

Intalligence on international trade and finance varies in quality depending emowhat on the equatry but largely on the subject. Trade data is relatively good although there are problems even here—for example, recorded trade novements frequently do not accurately reflect the ultimate destination or origin of the goods and there are great differences in the classification systems. Reporting on non-trade items is generally poor. In recent years there has been a marked improvement in the information on mational accounts, but, except for a few countries, data on which the mational accounts are based are quite unreliable. Inher and population reporting also is fairly satisfactory with greatest imadequasies in specific apparable areas, but some subjects e.g. migration, are pourly reported everywhere,

Existing intelligence materials are not as well utilized as they should be because they are frequently hard to leaste; are distributed too slowly; and injuring and untaloging systems are not sufficiently comprehensive.

Although arrangements are quite good for distributing finished economic intelligence products to interested users, the problem of evaluating them and saking such evaluations affective for each users is not solved. Variations in quality of intelligence products may be bland chiefly on the fact that there are not less analysts whose capacities are too widely extended and upon certain request are the here uses they do not understand research problems and techniques, insist on home kind of a report being prepared in toe short a time and based on the little evidence.

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